

TAH - TCH Series Air flow
0.35 to 3.5 m³/min



TAH – TCH – Unrivalled Quality

Why is it necessary to dry compressed air?

The atmospheric air drawn into a compressor is a mixture of gases that always contains water vapour. The amount of water vapour air can carry varies however, and is mostly dependent on temperature. If the temperature rises – as happens with compression – then so does the capacity for air to carry moisture.

When the air is cooled, its capacity to hold moisture reduces which causes the excess moisture to condense. This condensate is then removed in the downstream centrifugal separator or the air receiver. Even then, the air is often still totally saturated with water vapour.

This is why, as the air cools further, significant amounts of condensate can accumulate in the air distribution piping and at take-off points.

Therefore, additional drying is essential to avoid production downtime and interruptions, as well as reduce costly maintenance and repair work.

Refrigeration drying is usually the most efficient solution for the majority of compressed air applications.



- 1 Refrigerant compressor
- 2 Condenser
- 3 Heat exchanger
- 4 Operating panel

Outstanding performance with TAH-TCH Series refrigeration dryers from KAESER

As a leading compressed air systems provider, KAESER understands that each component plays an integral role in efficient production of clean, quality compressed air. Therefore, all TAH-TCH Series refrigeration dryers are manufactured in KAESER's own dedicated production centre in Gera, Germany, to ensure the very highest standards in system reliability and performance. With KAESER knowledge and expertise, these units can then be seamlessly integrated into carefully designed compressed air systems to provide outstanding drying results.



KAESER Quality



With KAESER-developed hot-gas bypass systems, highly efficient refrigerant circuits and electronic condensate drains that operate without pressure loss, every aspect of KAESER's TAH-TCH Series refrigeration dryers is designed to

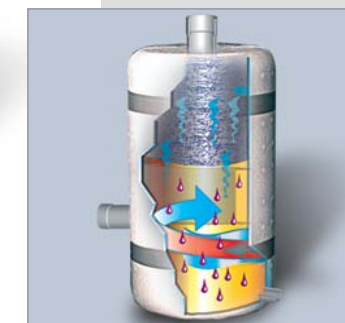
provide outstanding quality and performance

Stainless-Steel Plate Heat Exchanger



The stainless steel plate heat exchanger in the refrigeration dryer is corrosion resistant and contamination proof. All dryer components and piping meet the highest quality standards.

Independent Condensate Separator



As with all KAESER products, H-Series refrigeration dryers are designed for maximum reliability. They are equipped with a specially adjusted condensate separator made from corrosion-resistant stainless steel that reliably

removes condensate from the air even under fluctuating airflow conditions.

+3 °C Pressure Dew Point Even at High Ambient Temperatures

The quality of a refrigeration dryer is best judged by how effectively and reliably it can separate condensate, particularly at high ambient temperatures. With this in mind, the developers at KAESER created the TAH-TCH refrigeration dryer series. Featuring highly efficient refrigeration circuits and KAESER-developed hot-gas bypass regulators, these dryers are designed for optimum performance. The air circulating system for the corrosion resistant stainless-steel plate heat exchanger further illustrates this, as it is made from stainless-steel and copper piping. The key aim of any refrigeration dryer is to provide reliable condensate separation, which is why KAESER uses a separate stainless-steel condensate separator. This configuration is far superior to systems using integrated solutions as it achieves better condensate separation and is more reliable. KAESER refrigeration dryers combine all of these features within a robust powder-coated enclosure to provide exceptional air treatment in accordance with EN 60204-1, which means dependable, sustained pressure dew point performance of +3 °C even at high ambient temperatures up to +45 °C.

TAH – TCH Series Refrigeration Dryer Specifications

Model	Flow capacity m ³ /min at 7 bar (g) operating pressure	Differential pressure bar	Max. working pressure bar	Effective power consump- tion kW	Power supply	Refrigerant	Air connection (female thread)	Con- densate outlet mm	Condensate drain	Dimensions in mm			Weight kg
										Height	Width	Depth	
TAH 4	0.35	0.05	16	0.22	230 V 50 Hz AC	R 134a	G 3/4	G1/4	pilot controlled, contamination- proof, no pressure loss	639	381	484	36
TAH 6	0.60	0.05		40									
TBH 9	0.80	0.22		45									
TBH 13	1.20	0.22		47									
TCH 22	2.20	0.2		ECO DRAIN No pressure loss			G1	879	427	608	55		
TCH 26	2.60	0.25									56		
TCH 32	3.15	0.3									59		
TCH 35	3.50	0.3					64						

▶ Performance data for reference conditions to ISO 7183, option A; ambient temperature 25 °C, air inlet temperature 35 °C, pressure dew point 3 °C. The flow rate changes for other operating conditions.

Correction factors for deviating operating conditions (flow rates in m³/min × c...)

Deviating working pressure p at dryer inlet

p (bar)	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
c _p	0.75	0.84	0.9	0.95	1	1.04	1.07	1.1	1.12	1.15	1.17	1.19	1.21	1.23

Air inlet temperature T_i

T _i (°C)	30	35	40	45	50
c _{Ti}	1.2	1	0.83	0.72	0.6

Ambient temperature T_a

T _a (°C)	25	30	35	40
c _{Ta}	1	0.985	0.97	0.94

Calculation of dryer flow rate under deviating conditions:

Example:

Working pressure: 10 bar(g) ▷ Table ▷ c_p = 1.1
 Air inlet temperature: 40 °C ▷ Table ▷ c_{Ti} = 0.83
 Ambient temperature: 30 °C ▷ Table ▷ c_{Ta} = 0.985

Selected dryer is a TCH 22 with 2.2 m³/min (V_{reference})

Max. possible flow rate under operating conditions:

$$V_{\text{max, operational}} = V_{\text{reference}} \times c_p \times c_{T_i} \times c_{T_a}$$

$$V_{\text{max, operational}} = 2.2 \text{ m}^3/\text{min} \times 1.1 \times 0.83 \times 0.985 = 1.98 \text{ m}^3/\text{min}$$



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